

LEADING ARTICLES—May 10, 1918.

PACIFIC RIVETERS LEAD.  
RED CROSS PARADE.  
QUESTIONNAIRE ON HOUSING.  
VOCATIONAL RE-EDUCATION.  
THE TELEGRAPH MONOPOLY.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CALIFORNIA STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR  
LABOR CLARION



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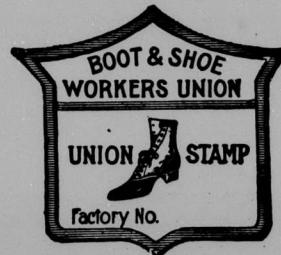


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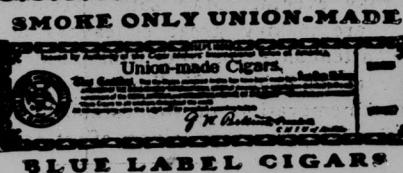


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BUT—Be sure to purchase the products of the following firms who are employing men and women affiliated with the Organized Trade Union Movement:

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If a firm cannot place the Label of the Allied Printing Trades Council on your printing, it is not a Union Concern.

**Industrial Accident Commission**  
UNDERWOOD BUILDING  
525 Market Street SAN FRANCISCO

VOL. XVII.

SAN FRANCISCO, FRIDAY, MAY 10, 1918

No. 14

## PACIFIC RIVETERS LEAD.

Shipyards in the Pacific Coast section are leading all competitors in rivet driving rated on a basis of rivets driven per day. A tabulation prepared by technical men of the Emergency Fleet Corporation on detailed data furnished by the shipyards, shows that the total number of rivets per way driven during the week ending March 30th.

It should be noted that this information is based only on rivets driven into ships actually under construction in the yards. Some yards, of course, are driving rivets in steel which will enter into the building of ships for the Emergency Fleet Corporation, but these ships are not yet under actual construction, so these yards are not listed in this chart.

The Pacific Coast division, which includes districts 7, 8 and 11, drove rivets in the week ending March 30th at the rate of nearly 30,000 per way. This district is far in the lead of all competitors. The second in the list is the North Atlantic section, including districts 1, 2, 3 and 10 and the fabricating plants. The tabulation shows that this section in the week ending March 30th, drove rivets at the rate of between 9000 and 10,000 rivets per way as against almost 30,000 in the Pacific section. Thus the Pacific Coast riveters are setting the pace almost three times as fast as the North Atlantic.

The Great Lakes region stands third in the compilation, with approximately 9,000 rivets per way, while the Gulf and South Atlantic section is fourth, with less than 4,000 rivets per way.

The sections divided into the official districts show district 8, which includes all the State of Washington except the Columbia River yard, ahead of all competitors, with almost 32,000 rivets driven per way.

The Seventh district, consisting of California and Oregon (with the exception of the Columbia River yards), is a close competitor, with about 27,000 rivets per way.

District No. 3, consisting of the yards in Maryland, Virginia and Delaware, stands third, with 21,000 rivets per way.

District No. 10, including Philadelphia, Southern New Jersey and vicinity, is fourth, with 13,000 rivets per way, and District No. 1, including the shipyards of Maine, New Hampshire and Massachusetts, stands fifth, with slightly less than 13,000.

The remaining contestants in their order are District No. 2 (Rhode Island, Connecticut, the Atlantic Coast in New York and New Jersey, with the exception of southern New Jersey); District No. 9, which includes the Great Lakes region; District No. 4 (North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Florida, except Pensacola), and the fabricating plants show respectively between 11,000 and 12,000, 9,000, between 3,000 and 4,000 and 2,500 rivets driven per way in the week mentioned.

In District No. 5, which includes Pensacola, Fla.; Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana, with the exception of Morgan City, failed to report the rivets driven in its yards.

In District No. 6 (Morgan City, La., and Texas), and District No. 11 (Oregon and the Columbia River yards in Washington) none of the plants is yet building steel ships and do not show in this chart.

The ratings of yards on the basis of rivets driven per way show that the Skinner and Eddy plant, which leads the country in delivery of ships, also leads all yards in rivet driving. This plant is credited with 43,000 rivets per way in

the week ending March 30th. The Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation (Union Iron Works) is second, with 39,000; the Northwest Steel Company's plant, third, with nearly 35,000; the Columbia River Shipbuilding Company, fourth, with 33,000, and the Ames Shipbuilding and Drydock Company, fifth, with approximately 30,500.

From then on the list runs from the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation Sparrows Point yards, with about 29,000, to the American International Shipbuilding Corporation fabricating plant at Hog Island, with approximately 1,000 rivets driven per way. Shipyards not reporting are not listed.

No claim is made that this compilation illustrates the relative construction accurately. It must be remembered it is based on the rivets actually driven into ships under construction for the Emergency Fleet Corporation actually on the ways, and that rivets driven under any other conditions are not included.

## MUTUAL AID ENTERTAINMENT.

Mayor and Mrs. James Rolph are to lead the grand march at the entertainment and ball to be given by the Union Printers' Mutual Aid Society at Native Sons' Hall, on Mason street, next Tuesday evening. Members of unions affiliated with the Allied Printing Trades Council are to attend in large numbers, and delegations from other labor organizations are also expected. Many of the employing printers from both this city and Alameda county have also signified their intention of joining in the festivities.

All arrangements for the affair have been completed, and a programme of much merit is to be presented. Miss Lillian Keys, under contract to the Metropolitan Opera Company of New York, is to give an exhibition of fancy toe dancing. George Oman, with his wife and three children, are to give banjo selections. Mrs. Alice J. Cotter, accompanied on the piano by her daughter, Miss Madeline Cotter, is to sing "The Star-Spangled Banner" and other patriotic selections, and Denis Sheerin, one of the most popular vocalists in town, will render some of the latest army and navy songs. William O. A. Trownsell Jr. is to give violin selections. In addition to these there are to be several professional acts from different theatres throughout the city, and a moving picture machine will show on the screen some of the latest war-time pictures.

Floor Manager Trownsell has engaged what he considers the best jazz band in town, and he says there will be plenty of music for those who enjoy dancing. In fact, to use the words of young Trownsell, there will not be a dull moment throughout the whole evening's programme. Admission is to be fifty cents, with ladies free.

## CALIFORNIA WHEAT TO FRANCE.

Seven thousand five hundred tons of excess wheat flour held in warehouses and by wholesalers, retailers, restaurants, bakers and individuals throughout California has been ordered assembled by Federal Food Commissioner Ralph P. Merritt for shipment to France.

In this connection Mr. Merritt declared:

"California's flour savings in the future over the six-pound allotment will be exported from month to month under the name of the community which conserves it, adding a special incentive to the vital war emergency work and giving credit where it belongs."

The assembling points will be San Francisco, Los Angeles, Sacramento, Oakland, Stockton, Fresno, Redding, San Diego and San Bernardino.

## LABOR IS NOT SCARCE.

The weekly employment survey of the United States Employment Service indicates that while the building trades situation has shown some improvement, great numbers of house carpenters and other workers in the building trades still unemployed make the situation serious. The latest survey shows that 33 cities have a surplus in building trades, while normal conditions prevail in 34 and a shortage in 4. During the previous week 37 cities had a surplus, while 20 reported an exact balance of supply and demand, and 8 cities had a shortage.

A slightly better equalization of supply and demand in the divisions of mechanics and skilled trades is shown. Twenty-eight cities report a shortage of mechanics, 9 a surplus, and 32 normal conditions. A shortage of workers in skilled trades is indicated in 36 cities, while 4 have a surplus and 33 normal conditions.

Little change appears in the common labor and farm labor situations. As against 38 cities needing more common labor, 8 report a surplus and 21 an even supply and demand. Farm labor is being sought in greater numbers by 31 cities, while 10 others have a surplus of workers and 32 normal conditions.

Four cities show a surplus of woman labor, as against only one the preceding week. Forty-five cities, however, want more women, chiefly for domestic work, and 11 report normal conditions.

## WAGE OF OFFICE WOMEN.

The State Industrial Welfare Commission has fixed a minimum weekly wage of \$10 for experienced women and minors employed in professional and general offices.

By the terms of the new ruling, a woman more than 18 years old must be paid not less than \$8 a week for the first six months of her apprenticeship in an office, \$9 a week for the second six months of her employment, and \$10 a week thereafter.

Minors less than 18 years old may start employment at not less than \$7 a week, and after the first six months stand in a class with women more than 18 years old. Not more than 25 per cent of the women employed in any professional or general office may be classed as learners and paid less than \$10 a week.

The ruling provides for part-time employment of students in commercial schools and physically disabled women under license to be granted in special cases. The order will be effective July 2d.

## MACHINISTS DONATE.

Machinists' Union No. 68 at its regular meeting last Wednesday evening bought 50 tickets and donated \$10 additional for the benefit of Telephone Operators' Union ball at Eagles' Hall, Saturday evening, May 25th. Members of the union are making great endeavors to secure a large attendance for the Iron Trades Council's picnic to be held at Shellmound Park, June 1st, in commemoration of the establishment of the half-Saturday holiday, taking effect that day.

## SPRING VALLEY RAISES WAGES.

Stationary Firemen's Union, through Business Agent Dennis Foley, reports that Spring Valley Water Company has given an increase of \$5 per month to oilers and firemen, the former now being paid \$100, and the latter \$105 per month. Water Workers' Union No. 401, through Secretary A. Coady, also reports having received an increase of fifty cents per day for their members, making the wages for service men \$4.50 per day, and \$3.50 for laborers.

**RED CROSS PARADE.**

Headquarters for the second million dollar "drive" by San Francisco Chapter of the Red Cross have been established at 30 Montgomery street, where the preliminaries are already fairly under way. These include arrangements for the parade of Red Cross women, which will take place on Saturday afternoon, May 18th, the "drive" proper begins on the following Monday and continues until Saturday night. It has been decided to follow the plan of campaign which proved so successful for the first Red Cross million dollar push last June.

It is confidently predicted that not less than 20,000 women will march in the parade. This prediction is based on the enthusiasm with which the project has been received by the entire chapter membership. From every organization has come hearty promise of full representation in the great pedestrian show, and from several nearby communities requests have come for permission to participate. It will be the biggest turnout of femininity ever attempted in the West.

The marching bodies will be interspersed with floats illustrating the various Red Cross activities, such as the making of surgical dressings and hospital garments, administering first aid to wounded, caring for destitute civilians and rendering other services for which "The Mother of Humanity" is world famous. All the army and navy resources of men and music will be at the service of the committee. Each of the auxiliaries will be marshaled by a United States sailor. Every available brass band in San Francisco and vicinity will be in line.

Starting promptly at 2:30 o'clock from the Ferry building, the great procession will move out Market street to Taylor and be reviewed at Mason. Employers of labor will be officially asked to allow the Red Cross women or girls in their service to join the marching ranks. Red Cross women who may be prevented by age or illness from walking the distance will be permitted to employ substitutes.

As the primal object of the parade is to enable the women of San Francisco to demonstrate their willingness to undergo a little physical fatigue in behalf of the Red Cross, all suggestions involving the employment of vehicles other than those used as floats have been disapproved by the committee. For the same reason an offer to organize an equestrian division has been rejected.

In the makeup of the great procession there is to be all possible avoidance of social discrimination. The working girl will be no less conspicuous than the millionaire's wife or daughter. For, under the Red Cross, there can be no class distinction. All wearers of the emblem are sisters in the cause of patriotism and humanity.

"We are marching to convince our boys at the front that we are solidly behind them," will be the slogan of the day.

Two hundred high school girls, costumed in red and forming a Geneva cross, will be one of the spectacular features.

**LESS GOES TO KANSAS.**

A. S. Less, sergeant-at-arms of Musicians' Union No. 6 and a delegate to the Labor Council, left last Sunday for a six weeks' visit to his folks at Lawrence, Kansas. Brother Less was one of the three fellow members shot by Guido Tusi when the latter was expelled from the Union by reason of his refusal to stand, as requested, when his band was playing the Star-Spangled Banner at the Exposition Auditorium last February. Brother Less is doing well, though one of the wounds is still very painful. Guido Tusi has been found guilty of assault to murder, but, as it is claimed that he is insane, which is very likely, he may escape imprisonment, and be instead confined in an asylum.

**QUESTIONNAIRE ON HOUSING.**

For the purpose of studying and making proposals for the improvement of industrial housing in San Francisco, the Commonwealth Club has organized a subsection on Industrial Housing forming part of the Section on City Planning. The labor members of this subcommittee are Brothers R. W. Burton, Frank Miller and Theodore Johnson. To these latter the following questionnaire has been submitted for suitable answers. Any one having views on these questions is urged to communicate with any of these brothers at the Labor Temple. The questionnaire reads:

A. In which districts of the city are industrial homes most needed?

1. Do San Francisco workers generally want homes near their places of employment, if they can get them there, or do they prefer other sections of the city?

2. If they prefer other sections, why and which section is most favored?

B. What priced homes are most needed?

1. In regard to what priced homes are most needed, consideration should, of course, be given to the kind of a home a worker can afford to purchase or rent, based upon his rate of pay, and not necessarily the kind he would like if he could afford to pay more. Therefore consideration should be given to the following:

(a) What priced home is needed for the man receiving from \$4 to \$6 per day?

(b) What priced home is needed for the man receiving from \$2.50 to \$3.50 per day?

(c) Is the assumption correct that a man can generally afford to put 25 per cent of his income in a home and that this is about the limit?

(d) What kind of a home is wanted by the single man, who requires only a room; small lodging houses, large lodging houses, with or without board, at the same place, or single rooms with some family?

C. What are the comparative demands for homes to rent or to buy?

1. Assuming that individual homes could be furnished at the prices workers could afford to purchase on the installment plan what probable percentage of them would prefer to rent rather than buy?

D. What plan of purchase is most feasible for workers here?

1. In purchasing homes, is the monthly payment installment plan, semi-annual payment on a mortgage, most feasible and most favored by workers?

E. If monthly installment payments are most favored, what amount monthly can workers generally afford to pay in purchasing homes in place of paying rent?

1. This would refer to the percentage of income a man could pay. The question is whether \$25 per month is about the limit a man receiving good wages can pay, or can he pay more? Also, what is the limit the \$2.50 to \$3.50 per day man can pay?

**EXEMPT STUDENTS FROM DRAFT.**

So great is the need for men for the new American merchant marine that Captain I. N. Hibbard, Chief of the Sea Training Board, announces that all men between 21 and 30 who enroll for service in the merchant marine will be exempted from military service. All such are asked to enroll themselves for a six weeks' training course at 809 Alaska Commercial Building, San Francisco.

**BOILERMAKERS ENLARGE OFFICES.**

Owing to lack of required additional office rooms in the Labor Temple, Boilermakers' Union No. 6 has rented rooms 302, 303 and 304 in the Anglo Building, corner Sixteenth and Mission streets, where the secretaries will be located. The business agent will continue to have his office in the Labor Temple.

**NEW MISSION THEATRE**

MISSION STREET, BET. 21st and 22nd

Sunday—Monday—Tuesday

**ELSIE FERGUSON**

In a Sensational Dramatic Masterpiece

**"The Song of Songs"**

Wednesday and Thursday

**Constance Talmadge**

Phone Market 8288

P. BENEDETTI, Manager

**UNION FLORIST**

Formerly of 25 Fourth Street  
Funeral Work a Specialty at Lowest Prices  
Orders Promptly Attended to

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W. D. Fennimore

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MARKET & FOURTH STS., SAN FRANCISCO

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OVERALLS & PANTS**

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**ARGONAUT SHIRTS****Herman's Hats**

UNION MADE



2396 Mission St.

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**MOUNTAIN AIR CHAMBERS.**

"Mountain air" chambers in the home for the cure of tuberculosis will become an accomplished fact in the near future, if the predictions of many eminent medical scientists are borne out. One high American authority declares he looks forward confidently to the day when the "mountain air" chambers, for the treatment of diseases of the lungs and bronchial and similar ailments as well, will be as common in the modern home as is the bathroom at the present time.

Consumption or tuberculosis continues to be the deadliest scourge of temperate climates, and, in spite of the fact that it is regarded as a preventable disease, it is certainly not prevented. One in seven still dies of it.

When the American Medical Association meets in annual session in Chicago next month the prevention, treatment and cure of tuberculosis will form a leading topic of discussion, as it has at previous gatherings of the association. It is planned to give the subject even more attention this year, owing to the fear that the spread of the disease is likely to be increased by the changed conditions of living as a result of the war, despite every effort to prevent it.

In this connection it is expected that the "therapeutic treatment of air," as the only possible solution of the problem of the white plague, will occupy the foremost place on the agenda. This opens up an entirely new field of research and labor for the physician, and one which at the very beginning gives positive proof of remarkable possibilities.

While the idea is new, the principles upon which it is based are in full accordance with the accepted theories of the medical profession. Leaders of medical science the world over are agreed that the only possible cure for the disease lies in the removal of the patient to a high altitude, where the dry and rarefied air has an opportunity to heal the affected organs, and where the diminished pressure of the atmosphere forces increased respiration, and which means an increased amount of pure air, the most important of all elements that enters into life, taken into the lungs and sent dancing through the blood into every part of the human body.

If the natural mountain climate is so beneficial in this respect, the medical specialists are now asking, "Why will not a reproduction of this climate by artificial means prove equally beneficial, or even more so, since it can be made to possess desirable qualities not to be found in the natural climate, even under the most favorable conditions?"

**TO CURB RETAIL PROFITEERING.**

Retail prices of many food staples have unduly increased in various sections of the State within the last month, and the indications are that certain dealers have been profiteering, declared Ralph P. Merritt, Federal Food Commissioner for California, on his return this week after a conference with Herbert C. Hoover in Washington. An exhaustive investigation will be immediately launched with a view to remedial action. A survey of costs and selling prices will be conducted by county food administrators acting under Merritt's supervision to fix responsibility, Merritt declared.

The big job of the food administration now is to save and export wheat and meats in ever increasing quantities for our own troops and the soldiers of the allies and to keep profiteering out of retail prices.

**BAKERS RATIFY AGREEMENT.**

Bakers' Union No. 24 last Saturday evening ratified the new contract negotiated with the Master Bakers. It permits night work at extra pay of \$3 per week for all workers. All wage increases were acceded to by the employers.

**VOCATIONAL RE-EDUCATION.**

"Transform broken bodies into skilled workers by including industrial cripples as well as war cripples in a nation-wide system of vocational re-education," is the appeal made by the American Association for Labor Legislation in a special bulletin on "Labor Laws in War Time," issued recently. Commenting on the Hoke Smith bill, upon which joint hearings are now being held by Senate and House committees, to provide vocational rehabilitation for disabled soldiers and sailors, under the direction of the Federal Board of Vocational Education, as a "splendid expression of a country's duty," the Association urges an amendment extending the plan also to the maimed victims of industrial accidents.

"In the United States there are today more than 100,000 industrial cripples who could be restored to skilled trades, and this number is increasing every year," the bulletin states. "Vocational rehabilitation for the soldiers and sailors will presumably be completed within a few years after the close of the war. But for industrial cripples the need for such work is continuous. They should be included in the plan now. It will require merely enlarged application of the machinery already provided in the federal Vocational Board, the arrangements to be shared "50-50" between the Government and the States. From the very outset the Government's equipment should be used to fullest capacity, so that a steady stream of re-created skilled workers—the maimed from both war and industry who have found 'salvation through work'—may be turned immediately back into skilled employment."

Prompt passage of the bill, thus amended, it is asserted, will not merely serve to increase the nation's supply of highly essential skilled workers, but will bring new hope to the convalescent and training suited to his physical abilities that will enable him to re-enter industry, become self-supporting and carry on the fight for democracy, if not in the front line trenches, then at home in the industrial army.

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow.

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English Cottage**

Just Completed on Our  
Second Floor

**FOUR ROOMS OF FURNITURE**

**\$150**

Good Sterling Furniture—Furniture that will look well, wear well and give years of service:

**PAY \$2 A WEEK**

**Union Hats**

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**"You Know Me"**

*Your Hatler*  
**Fred Ammann**  
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A San Francisco firm using California materials and employing San Franciscans—a friend to the laboring man when he needs a friend. Independent of the Trust.

**SAVES YOU ONE-HALF TRUST PRICES**

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**UNION MEN****KELLEHER & BROWNE  
THE IRISH TAILORS**

is the FIRST FIRM AGAIN to sign the new scale of wages presented by the Tailors' Union, Local No. 2, April 1, 1918.

**Always First**

First Tailors granted the union label in this city.  
First Tailors to adopt the Eight-Hour Day.  
First Tailors to put in their own work shop.  
First Tailors to inaugurate the weekly wage.  
First Tailors to sign all increases in wage scales.

**Union Men**

You don't pay us any more than you do the non-union tailor.  
Our prices are always as LOW as GOOD tailoring will permit.

**KELLEHER & BROWNE**

THE IRISH TAILORS

716 MARKET AT THIRD AND KEARNY

Open Saturday Evenings

**NEW MISSION THEATRE.**

Elsie Ferguson, whose greatest laurels were won in emotional plays, will appear in "The Song of Songs," an extremely sensational love drama, at the New Mission Theatre Sunday, Monday and Tuesday. In this picture the director and star have a subject that enables them to demonstrate



**ELSIE FERGUSON**  
in "The Song of Songs"  
An ARTCRAFT Picture

their talents to the fullest extent. The picture ends with a dramatic climax in which it is said that Miss Ferguson's artistry is wonderfully displayed.

As Lily Kardos, Miss Ferguson plays the part of a girl, gifted with unusual beauty, who is left penniless and alone. Her struggle for a livelihood

amid the temptations strewn in her path develop a very human role.

The usual musical features include Melville, wizard violinist, and Weber's New Mission orchestra. Among other films are the Hearst Pathé News and a comedy.

Two attractions of note are billed for the New Mission screen Wednesday and Thursday. Constance Talmadge will appear in "The Studio Girl," a captivating, capricious character portrayal. Alice Howell will be seen in her new comedy, "What's the Matter With Father?"

For Friday and Saturday, May 17th and 18th, the New Mission will present Charles Ray in "The Hired Man." Also to be shown is the second story of "The Son of Democracy" and the Hearst Pathé News.

**DEATHS.**

The following members of San Francisco unions have passed away during the past week: Albert Matteson of the structural iron workers, Anton Rundstrom of the steam fitters, Frank Sepich of the cooks, J. R. Kelly of the bartenders, William O'Connor of the butchers, John Greer of the electrical workers, John J. Kiernan of the bricklayers, Albert Klein of the painters, George B. McClellan of the ship caulkers, Daniel O'Connell of the steam fitters, Harry R. Colman of the boilermakers, Victor W. Medley of the electrical workers, Morris Allison of the Alaska fishermen, Fred S. Jones of the bartenders, John Covacevich of the printing pressmen, George Elliott of the railway employees, Harry Tilley of the printers, Daniel J. Keefe of the printers.

**GARMENT WORKERS GAIN.**

Garment Workers' Union No. 197 of Charleston, S. C., has secured substantial wage increases, which benefit 500 employees. A large number of other workers will also be affected.

As the result of conferences with employers, Boston White Goods and Overall Workers, affiliated with the United Garment Workers, have raised wages 10 per cent. These workers appreciate the force that made this gain possible, and have raised their union dues.

**SHIPPING BOARD THANKS MCGUIRE.**

M. J. McGuire, business agent of the Boilermakers' Union, is in receipt of a telegram from Chas. A. Eaton of the U. S. Shipping Board, saying: "I thank you on behalf of the U. S. Shipping Board for the fine assistance you have given our representatives, and for the great help you have been in your patriotic addresses."



**W.S.S.**  
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GOVERNMENT



Shirts, Nightshirts,  
Overalls  
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Socks,

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**SAN FRANCISCO**

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Neckwear,  
Garters,  
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## ORPHEUM.

Ruth St. Denis, who is unrivaled as an exponent of the beautiful, the graceful and esthetic, will appear next week in a series of pictorial and dramatic dances. Ted Shawn will not accompany Miss St. Denis this time, because he has answered the call to the colors instead. She will be assisted by Margaret Loomis, one of her most successful pupils, and Louis Moret will be her musical director. Scenically and gorgeously invested the act is said to be one of the most beautiful offerings vaudeville has seen in many a moon. Miss St. Denis has arranged a striking program of dances, which include "The Japanese Flower Dance"; "The Moon Love Waltz," a dance romance composed by Ted Shawn; Rosamond; the Nautch Dance, The Dance of the North African Desert and the Peacock Dance. J. K. Emmett and Mary E. Ryan will appear in "Wishland," a modern version of an old Persian tale fairly teeming with oriental romance and mysticism. Mary E. Ryan, his co-star, is a California girl and an actress of unquestionable ability. "Wishland" makes a wonderful setting for her youth and beauty, and all who love Omar Khayyam will revel in its exotic charm. Flora Hoffman, the American prima donna, is another recruit from the concert stage. She is the possessor of a beautiful soprano voice, which has been perfected by European training. She does not frown at simple music, and believes that there is more melody in one of the old songs than in many operatic arias. She is also convinced that lyrics were written to be understood; therefore, she sings entirely in English. Andy Rice, a clever and diverting monologist, entitles his offering "In Society." Ben Beyer, after two years' absence in Europe, has returned to this country. He will appear in an original mirthful novelty in which his trusty bicycle comedy and music are conspicuous. He is assisted by a bright girl known as Augusta. Gwen Lewis, the English girl, will make her San Francisco debut, and will be seen and heard in songs and monologues at the piano. The four Haley sisters, America's greatest girl quartet, Francis Yates and Gus Reed in "Double Crossing," and the four Mortons will be the remaining acts in a bill which promises great enjoyment.

## OPPOSITION TO NEW CHARTER.

The secretary of Waiters' Union No. 30 says his union is on record in opposition to the granting of a new charter for so-called cash-house waiters. The main argument for the organization of the latter class of waiters seems to be based upon the fact that the majority of these men entertain the idea that if they had had a separate organization in 1916 there would not have been any strike. This is a gratuitous assumption as the men at that time working in the cash-houses in most cases were equally enthusiastic as others in seeking to secure a shorter workday. The loss of one strike should not be made the pretext for discarding that form of organization through which all the conditions that ever were gained for this class of men were obtained. It is undeniably true, that Waiters' Union, Local No. 30, obtained for these waiters the best conditions of hours and pay enjoyed anywhere in the United States for similar work. That they lost such conditions after the strike is due simply to their own failure to keep up their union affiliations. Local No. 30 is and has at all times been willing to give the cash-house waiters a square deal. Hence the present conditions in no wise justify the issuance of a new charter.

The union label appeals not to force, but to reason; establishes confidence in place of fear; makes no one ashamed; but, on the contrary, invites and encourages the people to take pride in well-doing.

## ANSWERS PETER V. ROSS.

By Ernestine Black.

Peter V. Ross, of the publicity committee of the Christian Science Church, in an article in the "Labor Clarion," Friday, April 26th, says that health insurance as proposed for California is "a part of Prussian kultur."

Eleven State Federations of Labor, including that of California, have indorsed social health insurance. Mr. Ross attacks the patriotism, democratic integrity, and intelligence of those organizations when he dares to make the foregoing statement.

The publicity committee of the Christian Science Church has suddenly become very interested in the workers and what is going to happen to them under a health insurance system in California. Mr. Ross is the gentleman who understands the workingman so well that in an article in the "Bulletin" of March 11, 1918, he states "industrial accident insurance now makes an employer responsible where an employee is injured through the employee's own negligence or recklessness. The law now seems to be that an employee may injure himself for no other purpose than to take a vacation and have his wages continued. This has resulted in workmen courting danger and inviting injuries."

Social health insurance simply means the application by the State of the insurance principle to health. Under a public, non-profit making insurance system, to which the State, the workers, and the industries contribute, a system can be established which will give the workers and their families medical, surgical, and hospital care when they need it, and the chance to keep well.

You all know the fellow who couldn't lay off until his cough turned into tuberculosis. He couldn't lay off because his wife and kids had to eat. But one bitter day he was laid off for good, and the wife had to go out and forage for a job to earn enough for the children to eat. You all know the wife of the hard-working man who won't go to the doctor because it costs so much, and eventually she goes to the hospital anyway for the expensive operation that might have been avoided with proper care.

You all know the men and women who can't get well under the best doctors' care because they worry so about the debt that piles up during illness.

Now under every system of health insurance there is a wage benefit for the worker. If a man gets two-thirds of his wages when he is sick, he doesn't have to worry so much about keeping the family going during his sickness.

Amendment No. 226 is an enabling act which gives the Legislature the right to enact some form of social health insurance.

## SIX O'CLOCK CLOSING.

Retail Shoe Clerks' Union of San Francisco is conducting a strong campaign to induce all retail shoe stores in the city to close at six o'clock in the evening, Saturday included. They have met practically complete success in the down-town district and are now endeavoring to induce the shoe dealers in the Mission and other districts to also follow suit. Meetings with dealers in such districts are to be held. The movement is proving of great benefit also to clerks of other stores, who likewise are interested in having the public buy goods in the day time. With the assistance of the general trade union public the six o'clock closing movement is sure to succeed.

The instincts of woman and the interests of labor are conjoined in the union label. Both stand for cleanliness, morality, the care of the young, the sanctity of the home; both stand against strife and force. The union label makes woman the strongest, as she is the gentlest of God's creatures.

This is a workingman's store—selling Furniture that will stand hard wear—at the Lowest Prices—on most liberal Credit terms.

## We Allow \$5.00

for old stoves in exchange for New Union-Made Buck Stoves.

## CHILDREN'S ACCOUNT

Your children should be taught to save. Open an account for each of them today. Show them by example that you believe in a savings account. They cannot start too soon.

## HUMBOLDT SAVINGS BANK

783 Market St., near Fourth, San Francisco

## ZOBEL'S

The World's Largest Millinery Store

6 Floors

23 Grant Avenue

near Market

## The German Savings and Loan Society

(An American Corporation chartered by the State of California in 1868.)

Savings Commercial

526 CALIFORNIA ST., SAN FRANCISCO Member of the Associated Savings Banks of San Francisco

MISSION BRANCH—S. E. Corner Mission and Twenty-first Streets.

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HAIGHT STREET BRANCH—S. W. Corner Haight and Belvedere Streets.

DECEMBER 31, 1917.

Assets	\$63,814,948.04
Deposits	\$6,079,197.54
Reserve and Contingent Funds	2,225,750.50
Employees' Pension Fund	272,914.25
Number of Depositors	63,907

# Labor Clarion

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JAMES W. MULLEN.....Editor  
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Office, S. F. Labor Temple, 2940 Sixteenth St.

FRIDAY, MAY 10, 1918.

If little labor, little are our gains;  
Man's fortunes are according to his paines.  
—Herrick.

The city man dreams of some day being able to own a farm and live in the country, while the farmer's fondest hope is that in the declining years of his life he will be able to leave the country and live in the city, and, in truth, it would be good for both if they could achieve their ambitions.

Chester M. Wright of the American labor mission to England and France, says "an American officer, enlisted with the Canadians, lost his leg at the hip, but is back flying a great battle plane. There are no quitters among those that fight." That is the spirit that will take the heart out of the Hun and eventually crush him completely.

North Dakota, in control of the farmers of that State through the Non-Partisan League, is the only State west of the Missouri river or north of Mason and Dixon's line which has no workmen's compensation or industrial accident law. There are but ten States in the Union without such laws. With the exception of North Dakota all are in the South.

Bank clearings for the month of April show handsome gains in all of the cities of the northern part of California over the same month last year, while a uniform falling off is reported in all of the cities of the southern portion of the State. This clearly shows the stabilizing influences of organized labor. The northern part of the State is well organized, while in the south the employers foolishly fight the attempts of the workers to organize.

The text of the Seamen's Compensation bill introduced in Congress on April 12, 1918, by Senator Hiram W. Johnson, appeared in the "Seamen's Journal" of last week. From a casual reading of the measure it appears that it follows closely the California compensation law, known as the Boynton act, modified to conform to procedure in the Federal courts. The act covers "every person employed upon a vessel as part of her officers or crew." Stevedores, though according to a Supreme Court decision coming under admiralty jurisdiction, are not included in the act. Accordingly in the interest of stevedores and others an effort should be made either to have them included in this act or have special legislation enacted for the benefit of all employees other than seamen and who come under admiralty jurisdiction.

# The Telegraph Monopoly

The American public has long known that in the two telegraph companies—the Western Union and the Postal—the country sheltered its most heartless monopoly and the officers of these organizations have made no secret of the fact that they were pursuing a "public be damned" policy. Times without number officials of these companies have spurned the suggestions of governmental officers and commissions, dodged regulations of the Interstate Commerce Commission and treated decisions of State Railroad Commissions with contempt, yet they have been allowed by the people to go on with their arrogance without any attempt to curb them. When the Industrial Relations Commission called the President of the Western Union Telegraph Company before it to testify as to conditions maintained by his corporation he was as frank as has been the custom of officials of this concern in admitting disgraceful facts without a blush of shame, and insisting that things would be continued in the same old way. In his testimony he stated he believed the workers had a right to organize and that through organization they could accomplish much good for themselves without working any hardships upon employers. He also admitted that the general public might be benefited by the organization of employees of public service corporations, and that collective bargaining furnished a simple way of adjusting wages and working conditions. At the same time he freely stated his company maintained a corps of "special agents" who reported to the management as to the character and affiliations of employees and that on many occasions persons who were found to be affiliated with the Commercial Telegraphers' Union were discharged because of that fact and barred from future employment so long as they maintained that affiliation. He stated plainly that he would not negotiate or carry on contractual relations with unions, while at the same time venturing the information that telegraphers in the employ of the corporation were very much underpaid.

Recently the Federal War Labor Board, made up of an equal number of employers and trade union officials and headed by former President Taft, promulgated a rule to the effect that "the right of workers to organize shall not be denied, abridged or interfered with by employers in any manner whatsoever." This was done in order to insure stable conditions during the period of the war. Recently the two companies discharged a number of employees because of membership in the Commercial Telegraphers' Union. The union officials notified the War Labor Board, and that board in turn promptly requested the companies to cease discharging their employees for this cause until the board could make an effort to adjust matters. The officials of the telegraph companies thereupon sent word to their managers throughout the country to pay no attention whatever to such suggestions coming from the War Labor Board, and again the Nation is confronted with the spectacle of the arrogant officials of these corporations defying a legally qualified Federal commission and offering no reason whatever for their conduct. This action on the part of these greedmongers, in view of the fact that the Nation is engaged in a great war, is truly astonishing. But the question is, what will the Government do about it?

The taking over of the telegraph systems seems to be the proper solution. This ought to be done, and only a nominal percentage of profit allowed to the stockholders. This would put an end, during the continuance of the war, to the unpatriotic and arrogant disregard for the country's needs on the part of these brazen autocrats of the industrial field.

Recently, it is said, the company in this city secured exemption from the draft of certain employees on the ground that they were indispensable to the company's business. A few days ago, it is reported, these same draft evaders were sent to Seattle to take the places of men who had been discharged for joining the Commercial Telegraphers' Union. It might be well for the Federal Government to look into this matter also and learn whether fraud has not been perpetrated upon the Government in this connection.

## FLUCTUATING SENTIMENTS

Big industrial institutions, such as the Steel Trust, which bring together in communities large numbers of illiterate foreigners, should be compelled to pay for schools in which these hordes could be Americanized. The schools should be under public direction, but the institutions responsible for gathering together such a conglomeration should be taxed to educate and Americanize such people.

It is a common practice these days for those who get caught in the meshes of the espionage law to exhibit Liberty bonds of small denomination, to praise the President and shout about the glory of the country as proof of their loyalty to the United States. The everyday actions of an individual are a better guide to his real sentiments than are the eleventh-hour protestations of those who find themselves about to be tried in the courts for disloyalty.

The Superintendent of the Municipal Railways is evidently looking for a little publicity for himself. He is talking about putting women on the cars as conductors in order to make men available to the Nation. There are plenty of men to be had to operate our street cars, and there is no need whatever for the substitution of women for men. But then such talk does bring a man's name to public attention, and that doubtless is the main consideration.

While the campaigns for money for various causes are coming rather rapidly and the demands are being felt by the workers who receive scarcely enough to meet their ordinary expenses under present living costs, still he must be poor indeed who cannot spare a dollar for the Red Cross. When one contemplates the good that is done by this institution on the battlefields of Europe in administering to wounded soldiers and in other ways he is usually willing to make sacrifices in order to contribute to it. Next Monday the San Francisco branch starts to raise \$1,000,000. Workers, do your full share.

The most striking paradox of the war and civilization revealed to the world is the war fanaticism of the German people. It exceeds any war fanaticism experienced by the world in past ages, and the singular thing about it is that it was bred and developed into its present virulent condition by the scientists, philosophers and statesmen of the nation. As an illustration into what depths of inconsistency and unreasonableness such fanaticism will descend, we may take the revelation of a recent publication of a German diplomat stationed at Constantinople during the Dardanelles campaign. It appears in the diary of Lewis Einstein, and reads: "We have received an incendiary proclamation on the holy war, circulated by Germans at Aleppo, and intended to provoke a massacre of Christians. The Vali was ready to punish those responsible for it until he heard they were Germans, when he suddenly became meek. A German woman was, it seems, most ardent in circulating it. Every Moslem is urged to kill at least three or four of the ruling infidels, English and French. One passage reads as follows: "The killing of the infidels who rule over the Islamic has become a sacred duty, whether it be secretly or openly. To whoever kills even one single infidel of those who rule over Islamic lands, either secretly or openly, there is a reward like a reward from all the living ones of the Islamic world." And this by the agents of him who is always saying, "God is with us."

## WIT AT RANDOM

"Why don't you get an alienist to examine your son?"

"No, sir! An American doctor is good enough for me."—Baltimore "American."

"What if we loses this blinkin' war after all, Bill?"

"Well, all I can say is—they what finds it is quite welcome to keep it."—"Tit-Bits."

The Honorable—My boy, do you realize how great is the solemnity of an oath, before you commit yourself?

The Boy—Why—why, yes, sir. I caddied for you last Sunday.—"Widow."

My brother wrote me about a dinner some of the soldiers gave for two visitors at camp, members of a famous Canadian regiment, who were home on sick leave.

The sergeant had been carefully coached about giving the toast, but became flustered, and this is what he made of it:

"Here's to the gallant Eighth, last on the field and the first to leave it!"

Silence reigned, then the corporal came gallantly to the rescue:

"Gentlemen," he began, "you must excuse the sergeant; he never could give a toast decently; he isn't used to public speaking. Now, I'll give a toast: Here's to the gallant Eighth, equal to none!"—Chicago "Tribune."

Capt. Anderson Dana, who has just married at Plattsburg, is a grandson of the journalist, Charles A. Dana, and in an interview he said:

"My grandfather believed in marriage. He thought it steadied a man. I remember a story he used to tell.

"It's a story about a chap who asked a man: 'Have you ever heard anything about a machine for telling when a man is lying?'

"Sure," said the man.  
"Have you ever seen one?" said the chap.

"Seen one?" said the man. "By gosh, I married one!"—Washington "Star."

Municipal Bureau of Employment, Newark, N. J.

Dear Sir—An answer to your advertisement regarding that you can give of any kind position; I am glad to say that I am looking for any kind position that you please me. I am a Filipino, twenty-eight years of age, since I came to Newark six years ago I work in the \_\_\_\_\_ Company, Inc. of my present position, my job power-press operator and setting the dies; on account of broken my heart for the girl work in the same factory, I must transfer to other place to make me very quiet if you please me to get a position I will give notice to my boss to leave in the shop.

With my best personal wishes and success, I am, very cordially yours,

—Newark "News."

To-day I bought an alarm clock,  
It has a very loud ring.  
I think I will call it the Star-Spangled Banner,  
For every time I hear it I have to get up.

—Burr.

Ethel—I'm afraid that bell means another caller.

Fred (imploringly)—You know, there is such a thing as your not being at home.

Ethel (suggestively)—Yes, and there is such a thing as my being engaged.—"Tit-Bits."

## MISCELLANEOUS

## THE OCEAN OF DOUBT.

Between here and France lies the Ocean of Doubt

With Death in its sullen tide;  
And he is brave who will ride its waves  
And sail to its other side,  
Beyond the ports of its furthest edge  
Where the war cloud's thunder roll,  
Is the goal supreme of a soldier's dream—  
The waking will test your soul.

From Lens to the Rhine, past the battle line  
Of a million German guns,  
You will freeze "on guard" through the winter nights

And fight through the summer's suns.  
There'll be no rest in the rigid test  
No beauty, no pomp, no cheers,  
For beauty is dead and only dread  
Is king in this Land of Tears.

The flowers are crushed 'neath the studded heel  
Of the war-god's ruthless reign;  
And the Ypres flood is tinged with blood—  
The blood of its thousands slain.  
In this crucible grim, on the battle-rim  
In your fight for the rights of men,  
Will your soul emerge from its acid test  
As strong as it once has been?

Oh, boy, in the peace of your old home town,  
As you silently wait the call  
Do you dread the choice of your country's voice—  
You are summoned to stand or fall.  
Will you stand at salute in the early dawn,  
Erect or in shrinking fear.  
Will you muffle your tone when the roll is called?  
Or proudly answer "Here!"

God grant that you pass through the danger zone—  
Through the hell of a world-wide strife  
That you romp back home across the foam  
To the land that gave you life.

When the trenches are filled by the peaceful plow,  
And despots are put to rout,  
The sun will shine on a peaceful Rhine  
And there'll be no "Ocean of Doubt."  
We will watch through the dusk for the coming ship—

For the khaki, tattered and torn,  
We will watch for the stars and the gleaming bars  
Of the flag you've so proudly borne.  
We will know by the smile on your weary face  
That the test has been weathered and won;  
That you still are true to our hope in you,  
When the battles are over and done.  
—By C. A. Haler, in "Journal of the Switchmen's Union."

## STONE BOILERS COME NEXT.

San Francisco may give the world a brand new industry, the construction of concrete boilers for ships, as the outcome of a novel experiment to be made by the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation in this city. Speed in turning them out and an estimated saving of 90 per cent in the cost of manufacture are the two possibilities of the experiments now being made. The idea originated with John K. Bulger, Federal Supervising Inspector of Steamships on the Pacific Coast, who was so favorably impressed on the trial trip of the concrete ship *Faith* last Sunday that he at once made up his mind that concrete boilers were also a possibility. The first experiment will be made with a tube of light steel; around this a cylinder of concrete with straight cement in the center and trumpet rivets to hold the whole together. The boiler will be of the Scotch type.



# Musicians' Union Local No. 6

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE FOR THE UNION

Clarence H. King and Albert A. Greenbaum.

## Board Meeting, May 7, 1918.

President Weber, presiding.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved. Transfers deposited: Ed. B. Benedict, piano and organ, No. 5, Detroit; Louis Dimond, piano and organ, No. 76, Seattle; Theo. Irwin, piano and organ, No. 210, Fresno; T. L. Batchlor, trombone and baritone, No. 356, Ogden. Courtesy extended No. 705, Taft, for H. Nicholas, drums.

Transfers withdrawn: Elizabeth Freshman, Albert Keesing, Mrs. Ernestine Murphy.

Death: Robert Shaw.

Resignations: Lew Franklin and B. T. McBain.

## Civic Auditorium Ball to Enlisted Men.

Our organization may well feel proud of the beautiful ball held at the Civic Auditorium Wednesday night, May 8, 1918, and tendered to the 10,000 guests who were in attendance, comprising members of the U. S. army, navy and marine corps, together with invited friends of our union.

Phil Sapiro (chairman), Frank Hyman, C. H. King, Harry Menke and Jack Haywood, as members of the committee of arrangements, certainly are deserving of praise for having conducted the most successful affair ever held by this organization.

The grand march was lead by Secretary to the Mayor Ed. Rainey and Mrs. Walter Weber. Mr. Rainey, in the absence of Mayor Rolph, made a most stirring patriotic address. After the grand march a beautiful flag-raising ceremony was conducted, assisted by Florence Drake Leroy, who sang the "Star-Spangled Banner" in a very beautiful manner. Anita Peters Wright's twenty classical dancers entertained the guests with a variety of classical dances.

We are deeply indebted to all our members who helped to make this affair such a grand success, and credit to our organization, and take this opportunity of thanking one and all for their untiring efforts. We also desire to thank Mr. Ernest Williams for the able manner in which the grand band of 100 pieces was conducted, as well as to all the members of the band who so ably assisted him.

We also desire to thank the Moving Picture Operators' Union for its beautiful moving picture display. May we hope for more great successes of this kind in the future for the good of our organization.

Dues, second quarter, to June 30th, are now payable to C. H. King, Financial Secretary-Treasurer. Members are requested to pay now and not wait till June 30th. Do it now.

Mr. Martin Hobbs wishes to extend to the members his sincere thanks for the kindness and sympathy shown him in the loss of his brother, John Hobbs.

If there is any member who would like to open a music studio (arranging, song teaching, etc.), get in touch with Wm. Keyt.

Mr. Bob Shaw passed away at Sacramento after a short illness and was buried at Hollister, Cal.

Mr. Jean Shanis, bandmaster 319th Engineers' band, would be pleased to hear from any of the members who desire to enlist in this U. S. army band. Address Camp Fremont, Calif.

Mr. A. S. Less, our sergeant-at-arms, has left for a two months' stay at his folks' home at Florence, Kansas, having partly recovered from his wounds.

As the summer season progresses, we find that business is a little slack. Every member can be of assistance to our organization if he will strive to get as many musicians as possible on every musical engagement. Try to create work.

Any members who desire to consider summer resort engagements will please register their names in the office, as quite frequently requests come through the office for musicians.

By direction of Board of Directors, members using telephone must purchase single slugs at the time of using phone from the sergeant-at-arms. Of late some small person has been using bogus slugs wholesale, some 30 slugs having been put in the telephone in one month.

The following members have been fined fifty cents for failing to change addresses: Morris Abraham, Oliver Alberti, J. S. Belden, Wm. Blanck, Blanche Morrill Charles, Josepi Benedetto, Al. Du Franey, M. Frallicuardt, Art. Guerin, George Higgins, D. Hoeflich, E. M. Hubbard, E. Arnold Johnson, Lee Lewis, A. H. Malotte, Hazel McDaniels, E. Melanson, C. P. Rushton, J. J. Sewell, H. A. Smith, R. A. Silvas, E. A. Wolf, Alexander Wood, Harry Wetmore.

Members, please take notice of the following changes of address:

Ballou, Allen, 209 King Edward Apts.  
Bayliss, Edgar, 2411 Durant St., Berkeley. Tel.

Berkeley 474-W.

Cheli, Alfred, 940 Broadway.

Cochran, Chas. Tel. Oakland 7869.

Colletti, John, 1357 Clay St. and Lankershim Hotel. Tel. Sutter 5090.

De Vall, Fred, R. F. D. No. 1, Box 177, San Diego.  
Downing, Fred P., Hippodrome Theatre, Fresno.

Musicians' Union—68 Haight Street.	
W. A. Weber	President
J. J. Atkins	Business Representative
A. A. Greenbaum	Recording Secretary
Clarence H. King	Financial Secretary-Treasurer
Office Hours 12 to 3 p. m.	Telephone Park 84
A. S. Less	Sergeant-at-Arms
General Assembly Hall.	Telephone Park 85
Park 128.	11 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Oakland Branch.	
J. H. Cray	Secretary and Business Representative

Office Hours 12 to 2 p. m. Phone Oakland 2547

THE MUSICIANS' UNION LOCAL 6 ROLL OF HONOR AND SERVICE FLAG OF 82 MEMBERS	
*	A. ANDERSON, JR.
*	H. F. ANDERSON
*	F. P. ANTHES
*	L. ARMBUSTER
*	C. E. ARRIOLA
*	EARL BARKER
*	W. A. BECKER
*	D. H. BROOKS
*	PERCY A. BROWN
*	ALEX. BURNS
*	G. C. COLONEUS
*	F. L. COOPER
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*	CHARLES D. DOWSKI
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*	GEORGE L. FREDERICK
*	A. J. GIACOMINI
*	E. GULDE
*	R. HEROLD
*	F. J. HOUSELEY
*	R. J. HAYES
*	BYRON C. INDIG
*	A. G. IANNUZZIELLO
*	CLARENCE JOHANSEN
*	WENTEL KOCH
*	W. H. LEE
*	C. A. LENZEN
*	J. LEVINGSTONE
*	A. MANCINI
*	JOE F. MARONEY
*	J. P. McCARTHY
*	M. L. MERKI
*	SELIG MEYER
*	ELMER MILBRATH
*	W. E. MIRE
*	ALFRED MOSCONI
*	R. C. RATTI
*	H. V. RENO
*	H. C. REUTER
*	A. F. RIESE
*	E. RUSSELL
*	M. SALVATORE
*	S. SAVANT
*	VINCENT SCHIPILLITI
*	JOHN SCHIPILLITI
*	V. M. SCHOTT
*	J. P. SEARCH
*	J. H. SELTENRICH
*	JEAN SHANIS
*	JEROME A. SIMON
*	GEORGE W. SOUTHALL
*	L. E. SPADINA
*	JACK STAFORD
*	F. H. STEELE
*	ED. SULLIVAN
*	O. J. TREVILLIAN
*	JOS. WEISS
*	PAUL WHITEMAN
*	H. A. WILLIAMS
*	GEORGE B. WILD
*	JOE K. WILSON
*	R. L. YOSMER
*	S. T. WOOLEY

Findiesen, Carl. Tel. Franklin 1588.  
Fitzpatrick, Ed. J. Tel. Franklin 5534.  
Goldwasser, Lion, 2020 Clinton ave., Alameda.  
Tel. Alameda 2068-W.  
Heiss, A. G., 1118 Buchanan St. Tel. West 8095.  
Jonas, Ernest, 134 Bartlett St. Tel. Valencia 3327.  
Lipman, Maurice. Tel. Valencia 1737.  
McKenzie, E. L., Pantages Theatre.  
Merzbach, Gus, 5218 California St.  
Neubert, Fred, 939 Water St., Sausalito.  
Shanis, Jean, Bandmaster, 319th Engineers, Camp Fremont, Cal.

*A little extra money  
in the pocket of your  
overalls---*

---isn't a bad sort of a possession---it comes in handy---and it's easier to save it by being wise to where to buy---than it is to earn it. Anyway---you'll like to get in the habit of buying at our men's store. Overalls---jumpers---working clothes for men in all sorts of crafts ---and prices are right---down-to-where-you-want-'em at

The New  
**Prager Department Store**  
MARKET AND JONES

Stafford, Jesse L., Section Naval Base, San Diego, Cal.  
 Whiteman, Paul, Mare Island Band Barracks, Cal.  
 Williams, C. Fowler, St. Francis Apts., Oakland. Tel. Oakland 9140.  
 Williams, Madge E., St. Francis Apts., Oakland. Tel. Oakland 9140.  
 Wittstock, E. R., 316 Haight St. Tel. Park 7612.  
 Wolf, B. R. Tel. Park 7221.

**PAULIST CHORISTERS.**

The Paulist Choristers of Chicago, the world's greatest choir, and which, under the leadership of Father William J. Finn, is touring America to raise a fund for the immediate aid of stricken France, will be heard in a mammoth concert at the Exposition Auditorium on Sunday afternoon, May 26th, at 2:30 sharp. Tickets are now on sale at the box offices of Sherman, Clay & Co. and Kohler & Chase.

Everywhere the Paulist Choristers are received by audiences that tax the capacity of the theatres and concert halls in which they sing. With the possible exception of the greatest symphony orchestras, no other musical organization gets the unstinted praise that the Paulist Choristers do. Last Tuesday night they sang in Richmond, Virginia. Here is what the Richmond "News-Leader" of the next day said "Perfection in choral work, wonderful in its effectiveness and remarkable from every point of view was the concert last night of the Paulist Choristers of Chicago. Such perfect smoothness of style in the ensemble work, precision of attack, unity of shading and dismissal was never before heard in Richmond, and the singing of these boys could be used as a model for any choir or chorus. In spite of the very inclement weather, there was a large audience present, and the perfect attention and enthusiastic applause was indicative of the thorough appreciation of the crowd, which was made up largely of music lovers. Under the exigencies of performance, the boys were remarkably alert, eager for the cues, ready and anxious for the start. They stood well, breathed deep the instant of attack, which was always clean cut, with wonderful sustaining power for such young lungs. Equally remarkable was their memory, singing a long program without notes or music. There was throughout a sense of reserve force in the sturdy passages and a tonal lustre no less full in the softer suggestive ones with never a suggestion of straggling. The notable control and distribution of breath in the diminuendo and crescendo effect were most remarkable; at the same time the resourcefulness and variety of the prowess of the youthful singers were manifested in the 'straight' singing of various national anthems, at salute."

Let no youth have any anxiety about the upshot of his education, whatever the line of it may be. If he keep faithfully busy each hour of the working day, he may safely leave the final result to itself. He may with perfect certainty count on waking up some fine morning, to find himself one of the competent ones of his generation, in whatever pursuit he may have singled out. Silently, between all the details of his business, the power of judging in all that class of matter will have built itself up within him as a possession that will not pass away. Young people should know this truth in advance. The ignorance of it has probably engendered more discouragement and faint-heartedness in youth embarking on arduous careers than all other causes put together.—William James.

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow. Those who advertise in the "Labor Clarion" patronize you. Deal with them and tell them why.

**STRIKES DISAPPEAR**

Secretary of Labor Wilson has arrayed facts against the noisy claims of publicity seekers who insist that the nation is seething with strikes.

In an address before the American Academy of Political and Social Science, the Cabinet official said that "we have fewer labor strikes at the present time than at any other period within my recollection, notwithstanding the fact that it is the period of the year when strikes are usually most numerous.

"There is not a solitary strike in the coal industry, the packing house industry, in the oil industry, the lumbering industry, the ship-building industry, in the steel production, transportation, telegraph or telephone systems of the country, and only a few strikes of minor importance in the textile industry, metal trades, munitions factories and all other production enterprises.

"To summarize, the highest efficiency can only be obtained by the proper treatment of the workmen, the proper planning and management of the work to be done, the intelligent mobilizing of the workmen, efficient means of training the partly skilled and unskilled in the work they are to do, complete provisions for sanitation and safety, comfortable homes, a working day sufficiently short to enable the worker to return to his work on each succeeding day fairly refreshed for the task he has to perform. And more important than all of those is the spirit of co-operation of the man who believes he is being justly dealt with."

Secretary Wilson said the worst handicap to labor efficiency now is the heavy turnover in industry caused by the men becoming easily dissatisfied with jobs and moving from place to place. Poor housing accommodations, he said, are at the bottom of much of this dissatisfaction.

**THE LIMITATIONS OF POVERTY.**

By the Rev. Charles Stelzle.

The real curse of poverty is not so much the lack of money as it is the lack of opportunity. Broadly speaking, no man was ever made happy by wealth, and no man was ever made unhappy by poverty. It is the opportunities to broaden life that come with wealth which give a greater chance for happiness; and it is the limitations of poverty that cause misery.

The worst kind of poverty is that which calls for the sacrifice of the inner life. It is bad enough to have the body go hungry, but it is far worse to starve the soul. And this is the condition of great numbers of the poverty-stricken. There are really four classes of people in the world—the poor poor, those who have no money and practically nothing else; the rich poor, those who have no money but who have an appreciation of many of the other things of life; the poor rich, those who have money but do not enjoy the refinements of the world; and the rich rich, those who have money as well as appreciation of the better things of life. The last class are the happiest, but they constitute a very small percentage of the people. The great mass may be called the poor poor, and they are not always so by reason of their own fault; for the crushing blows of abject poverty have been such as to reduce them to the lowest levels of appreciation. For them life has become simply a physical struggle, and only the instinct

of self preservation impels them to continue the fight.

Ambition can live only when the worker has an opportunity for self-expression. It will not suffice to say that any man or woman who has the qualifications may still get to the top. We are not dealing with exceptional people; we are dealing with the masses, who, it must be confessed in all frankness, are very ordinary, but who, nevertheless, are human beings who have a right to live. Not all the poor have the power of initiative, but even though they had, physical disability due to poverty or sickness may prevent them from executing their wills. Large numbers of the poor cannot afford to rest during times of illness. They must keep on, for to stop means even greater poverty than they are enduring. It is this inability to properly care for themselves physically that results in an early death or at best an old age at a time when they should be enjoying the vigor of full manhood and womanhood.

It is true that some have risen from the ranks of poverty to positions of great power and influence, but in very rare cases did these come from the class who are cursed with the extreme poverty found in our cities. Most of them, it will be discovered, came from the farm, where, even though they may not have had the advantages of good clothing and education, nevertheless developed strong bodies which gave them the power to struggle against the most adverse circumstances. Those who have risen from poverty to high positions in life had this physical capital to bank upon, thus possessing an asset of which the tenement-bred children, for the most part, are deprived.

**Fleischmann's Yeast**

**ALWAYS DEPENDABLE**  
For Sale at All Grocers

**Union Made Hats**

**\$3      \$4      \$5**

3051 Sixteenth St. Between Mission and Valencia Sts.

**"Quality" Credit**  
SUITS—COATS—  
DRESSES—the smartest  
styles of the season are here  
for your selection—Select  
now, pay later in small  
payments.

**COSGRAVE**  
CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE  
352 POST-ST.



**Sorensen Co.**

Phone Kearny 2017

715 MARKET STREET, Above Third Street, San Francisco

JEWELERS, WATCHMAKERS, OPTICIANS

All Watch Repairing Guaranteed for Two Years

**THE POPULAR PRICE  
JEWELRY STORE**

### San Francisco Labor Council

#### Synopsis of the Minutes of the Meeting Held May 3, 1918.

Meeting called to order at 8:20 p. m., Vice-President Bonsor.

**Roll call of Officers**—President Haggerty excused.

**Reading Minutes**—Minutes of previous meeting approved as printed.

**Credentials**—Waitresses—Miss Gussie Newbert, vice Lettie Howard; Carpenters No. 483: Paul Lutz, vice Kenneth McLeod; Boiler Makers and Shipbuilders: S. M. O'Sullivan, Bro. Patterson, Hugh Fitzpatrick. Delegates seated.

**Communications**—Filed—From United States Shipping Board, relative to resolutions protesting against the editor of the "Sunset Magazine." Telegrams received from Senator Phelan, with reference to debate in the Senate on the Mooney case. From the Christian Brothers, thanking Council for its assistance on the occasion of the presentation of "Under the Flag."

**Referred to Executive Committee**—Wage scale of the Watchmen's Union.

**Referred to Secretary**—From Congressman Nolan, with reference to the Minimum Wage bill. From B. A. Larger, Secretary United Garment Workers of America, with reference to uniforms bearing the label of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, who are a group of seceders.

**Reports of Unions**—Hatters—Members have subscribed to \$1000 worth of bonds. Shoe Clerks—Requested trade unionists to make purchases before 6 o'clock. Janitors—Announced that the Scottish Rite Auditorium is unfair. Web Pressmen—Reported that its President, Brother Clyde Bowen, has enlisted. Beer Bottlers—Have purchased \$500 worth of bonds; 101 members in U. S. service; thanks all those that made its picnic a success. Bakers No. 24—Have negotiated agreement with employers calling for a substantial increase; requested all delegates to patronize American bakeries. Glass Packers—Will hold a ball in Labor Temple May 4th; all delegates and friends invited to attend. Musicians—Requested the co-operation of Council to have the appropriation for music remain as in the past. Culinary Workers—Reported the Leighton Dairy Lunch fair; requested friends not to patronize unfair houses. Barbers—Will picnic May 5th at Neptune Beach. Brewery Workers—Have purchased \$1000 worth of bonds.

**Label Section**—Minutes printed in "Labor Clarion."

**Executive Committee**—On the Cracker Bakers' new agreement, the matter was referred to the Secretary and Vice-President to assist in negotiating with the employers. In the matter of the communication from the Federal Employees requesting an increase for certain mechanics employed in the Mint. Committee recommends that the Secretary write to the National Federation of Federal Employees with regard to the Council's endorsement of said increase. Relative to the requested increase of one dollar per day from the Car Repairers and Trackmen, the matter was laid over. Recommend the endorsement of the wage scale of Electrical Workers No. 151, subject to the endorsement of its International Union. The request of Carmen's Union No. 518 for an increase of 50 cents per day was laid over for two weeks for investigation. Report concurred in. The chair introduced Brother George Secour, representing the International Telegraphers, who addressed the Council on the need of organization of telegraphers in this country. Moved that we give all our moral support to telegraphers, and that telegrams be sent in their behalf to President Wilson, Secretary of Labor and National War Labor Board. Carried.

**Auditing Committee**—Reported favorably on all bills and warrants were ordered drawn for same.

**Special Committee**—Committee on Liberty Bonds—Requested that all outstanding checks for same be remitted immediately.

Receipts, \$217.00; expenses, \$827.27.

Council adjourned at 10:15 p. m.

Fraternally yours,  
JOHN A. O'CONNELL, Secretary.

#### LABEL SECTION.

#### Minutes of Regular Meeting Held May 1st, 1918.

Meeting called to order at 8:30 p. m., by Vice-President Kidwell, with all officers present but Peter Fitzgerald, M. E. Kirby, F. E. Lawson, I. E. Torrence; excused, W. G. Desepete.

Minutes of previous meeting approved as read.

**Credentials**—None.

**Communications**—None.

**Reports of Unions**—Carpenters No. 483 report that members of Carpenters are all faithful in their adherence to doctrine of the union label, members all purchasing union label goods. Coopers—Fleischmann Yeast Co. using a barrel which does not bear the label of the Coopers' International Union. Referred to Label Agent, with instructions to investigate the matter and bring this matter to the attention of the firm. Glove workers report working on new wage scale, carrying an increase in wages. Request that union men insist on union made working gloves; also that unionists prevail on their wives and sweethearts to ask for union label gloves when purchasing gloves. Shoe Clerks—Making good progress in their campaign for daylight shopping; have the full co-operation of the downtown shoe merchants in this movement; report that practically all the shoe stores in the Mission are employing non-union clerks; C. H. Baker, the only shoe store on Fillmore street employing members of Shoe Clerks; incidentally this store is complying with all demands of the Retail Shoe Clerks regarding closing time; request that unionists withhold their patronage from the stores in these districts until they organize their establishments; Rosenthal's shoe stores on Post and on Market streets now thoroughly organized for the first time; Somner & Kaufmann in the process of being organized. Making great strides in getting all retail shoe salesmen in the fold of the organization. One retail shoe repairshop on Sixteenth street, opposite Labor Temple carries the union stamp—the only place of its kind in the city.

Hatters report that a good many union men are still purchasing the Stetson hat; same notoriously unfair and has been for years; earnestly request that union men ask for and accept no hats that do not bear the label of the United Hatters; prices and quality of union-made hats fully as low and as good as the non-union kind. Cooks and Waiters report that Leighton's Dairy Lunch, on Third and Stevenson streets, is displaying the Union House card; Compton's, on Kearny, the Jersey Lunch, White Lunch and Best Ever, on Third street, are all unfair to Culinary Workers; request that members of affiliated unions look for the Culinary Workers' House Card before entering eating houses. Bakery Wagon Drivers will take space on the Bulletin Board. Agitation Committee report concurred in; Label Agent to devote entire time to duties from first of month; Neptune Beach referred back to committee, with instructions to obtain data from other amusement places.

Bills—Buehrer, ordered paid. Unfinished business, none. New business, none. Good of section—Delegate Sorenson requested that report of Label Agent be furnished each delegate; that the section lend its support to the early closing movement of Shoe Clerks; that shoe repair places be organized; that hereafter the Section call the roll of delegates, and note absentee delegates. At

### Orpheum

O'FARRELL STREET  
Bet. Powell and Stockton  
MATINEE EVERY DAY

Week Beginning THIS SUNDAY Afternoon

RUTH ST. DENIS in a series of Pictorial and Dramatic Dances; J. K. EMMET, MARY RYAN & CO., in "Wishland"; ANDY RICE, "In Society"; BEN BEYER and Augusta in their Original Novelty Satire; MISS GWEN LEWIS, The English Girl, in Songs and Monologues at the Piano; THE FOUR HALEY SISTERS in Popular Melodies; FRANCIS YATES & GUS REED in "Double Crossing"; THE FOUR MORTONS, Second Edition; FLORA HOFFMAN, American Prima Donna Soprano.

Evening Prices, 10c, 25c, 50c, 75c.  
Matinee Prices (Except Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays), 10c, 25c, 50c.  
PHONE DOUGLAS 70.

## El Primo

### CIGARS

12½ cts., 10 cts., 5 cts.

Phone Market 5725

UNION STORE

**BROWN & KENNEDY**

FLORAL ARTISTS

Funeral Work a Specialty—Lowest Prices

2091 Sixteenth St., Near Valencia

San Francisco

## CARHARTT

### OVERALLS

FIRST IN THE  
HEARTS OF TRUE  
UNION MEN

Factory: Fourth and Mission Sts., San Francisco

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## Your Next Hat Sir!

BE SURE IT'S A  
**BERTILLION**  
They're Union Made

### Bertillion Leading Hatter

745 MARKET STREET

Bet. 3d and 4th Streets, opposite Grant Avenue

this time a motion was carried that all affiliated locals whose delegates have neglected to attend the meetings be notified, and that locals be requested to see to it that they attend or that others be sent who will attend. Label Agent instructed to commence visiting all affiliated locals.

Report of Label Agent—That Hastings' Clothing Co. of this city was endeavoring to place a spurious label on the market; visited firm and notified them that it was an infringement of the United Garment Workers' label. Carroll & Tilton Company now carrying a full line of label clothing, and that they are advertising that fact in the daily press. Pragers' also beginning to put in a larger stock of union label goods.

Receipts—Label Agent per capita, \$17.90; dues, \$44.00.

Disbursements—Buehrer, salary, special fund, \$31.25; incidentals, \$5.00; Foster & Kleiser, erecting sheet metal sign, \$90.00; hall rent, \$8.00; G. J. Plato, salary, April, \$10.00; stamps, \$2.00; total, special fund, \$31.25; general fund, \$115.00.

There being no further business, meeting adjourned to meet again Wednesday, May 15th.

"Demand the Union Label, Card and Button."

Fraternally submitted,  
Emil G. Buehrer, Secretary Pro Tem.

#### ANNUAL PICNIC OF CARPENTERS.

Paradise Cove will be the scene Sunday, May 19, 1918, of a big carpenters' reunion and game tournament, under the auspices of the Bay Counties District Council of Carpenters, comprising thirty-two local unions of carpenters in San Francisco, Alameda, San Mateo and Marin Counties.

One of the greatest programs ever attempted at a carpenters' affair in California will be presented, and the day should be crowded with healthful enjoyment and exciting sport. Dancing will continue until 7:30 p. m.

Supervisor Charles A. Nelson heads the committee on arrangements, and estimates that at least 10,000 people will attend the picnic.

P. H. McCarthy, President of the State Building Trades Council, will be President of the Day, and will deliver an address. Luke Rivara will be Floor Manager, H. R. Wright, Chairman of Law and Order Committee; Thos. Westoby, Chairman of Refreshments Committee; John J. Swanson, Chairman of Games Committee; Wm. H. Noe, Chairman of Gate Committee; N. H. McLean, Chairman of Admission Committee.

Boats leave foot of Mission street, south of Ferry building at 9:30, 10:30, 11:30 a. m. and 12:30 p. m.

Returning at 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, 7:00 and 8:00 p. m.  
Admission—Adults 75 cents, Children under 12, 25 cents.

#### INSISTING ON CITIZENSHIP.

The Joint Council of Teamsters has approved the stand of Milk Wagon Drivers' Union in enforcing the provision of its agreement with employers that all men employed in addition to being members of the union, must be citizens or have declared their intention of becoming such. This action became necessary by reason of the failure of one or more Portuguese working under the jurisdiction of the Milk Wagon Drivers to conform with this clause of the agreement. One Portuguese is claiming exemption by reason of becoming a stockholder in the company, but the union will insist upon strict compliance with the agreement, and is now backed up by the Joint Council of Teamsters in any step necessary to enforce the provision in question. Men affiliated with the Stable and Garage Employees, coming partly under the jurisdiction of both them and the Milk Wagon Drivers, will be likewise made to observe the rule. This attitude of organized labor was specifically upheld by the Buffalo Convention of the American Federation of Labor.

#### WANTED FOR SERVICE IN ITALY.

An urgent need for a large number of men to see immediate service as ambulance drivers in Italy has been telegraphed to the Military Bureau of the University of California, according to a statement just made at the Bureau.

The men wanted are those between the ages of 18 and 20 years, three months, and those within the draft age who show evident physical disability and are registered in class 5A of the draft. Men subject to draft must get permission from their local draft boards to leave the country.

It is planned to send several divisions of men to Italy during the month of May. Immediate action is necessary on the part of those who desire to go. Applicants will be examined in Berkeley as to their ability to drive motor cars and repair machinery. If they pass successfully they will be sent to San Francisco for a physical examination. Those accepted will be sent immediately to Italy to begin their duties as ambulance drivers. The first quota will be started within two weeks under the direction of a captain now in Washington, who expects to take 200 men with him.

Men must sign up for six months foreign service, and must agree to return to the United States at the end of that time, or sooner, if they are needed in this country.

Their transportation, equipment and incidental expenses will be paid both going and coming. It is particularly stated that applicants must be of American parentage.

An immediate response to this call is urgently requested. Applicants should supply to the Military Bureau full information concerning their age, draft status (if within the draft age), training, education, and experience, and should enclose a recent photograph or snapshot if good likeness.

The Military Bureau is located in the office of the Alumni Secretary, room 114, California Hall, Berkeley. Further information may be obtained here by writing or in person.

The call is regarded as an unusually attractive one, insomuch as it offers immediate service at the front. While physical perfection is not emphasized as a necessary qualification, men are wanted who possess vigor and who are anxious to see action immediately.

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow. Those who advertise in the "Labor Clarion" patronize you. Deal with them and tell them why.

## 3 BIG STORES

Hats Trimmed Free

### Hersh's Millinery

971 Market Street

2 Doors From Strand Theatre

2584-90 Mission St. 1637-39 Fillmore St.  
at 22nd Bet. Geary and Post

FURNITURE CARPETS STOVES  
DRAPERY BEDDING  
on the

Easiest Terms

EASTERN  
OUTFITTING CO.

1017 Market Street, Above Sixth

We give and redeem American Trading  
Stamps.

THE STANDARD SINCE 1884

**Lundstrom**  
HATS

UNION MADE AND MADE HERE  
First in Quality First in Style

STORES  
1126 Market 2640 Mission  
606 Kearny 26 Third  
Factory, 1114 Mission

SUMMERFIELD & HAINES  
UNION-MADE  
CLOTHING

Cor. Sixth & Market Agents  
CARHARTT OVERALLS

The San Francisco Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis holds a clinic for worthy patients each Monday evening at 7 o'clock in the rooms at 1547 Jackson Street, between Polk and Larkin. Any man or woman unable by reason of employment to attend the morning clinics, and desirous of securing expert medical attention, is invited to be present.

## Practice What You Preach

**PREACH:** Daylight Shopping and Six O'Clock Closing  
for retail stores.

**PRACTICE:** Buying before Six p. m. every day, including Saturday.

**WILL YOU DO THIS?**

It involves no expense—  
No inconvenience—No sacrifice.

**IT WILL SAVE:** Fuel, light and man-power and it will secure reasonable working hours for hundreds of retail clerks.

**—DO IT NOW—**

**RETAIL SHOE CLERKS**

**Allied Printing Trades Council**

Room 302, Labor Temple,  
Sixteenth and Capp Streets,  
**FERDINAND BARBRACK, Secretary.**  
Telephone Park 7707.

**LIST OF UNION LABEL OFFICES.**

*Linotype Machines.	
Intertype Machines.	
*Linotype and Intertype.	
Monotype Machines.	
Simplex Machines.	
(126) Ashbury Heights Advance.....	1672 Haight
(7) *Barry, Jas. H. Co.....	1122-1124 Mission
(82) Baumann Printing Co.....	268 Market
(73) Belcher & Phillips.....	515 Howard
(14) Ben Franklin Press.....	140 Second
(72) Bonnington, Frank J.....	22 Crossley Bldg.
(196) Borgel & Downie.....	370 Second
(69) Brower & Co., Marcus.....	346 Sansome
(3) *Brunt, Walter N.....	880 Mission
(4) Buckley & Curtin.....	739 Market
(220) Calendar Printing Co.....	112 Hyde
(176) *California Press.....	340 Sansome
(71) Canessa Printing Co.....	708 Montgomery
(87) Chase & Rae.....	1185 Church
(39) *Collins, C. J.....	3358 Twenty-second
(42) Cottle Printing Co.....	3262 Twenty-second
(179) Donaldson Publishing Co.....	568 Clay
(18) Eagle Printing Company.....	59 McAllister
(46) Eastman & Co.....	220 Kearny
(54) Elite Printing Co.....	3459 Eighteenth
(62) Eureka Press, Inc.....	440 Sansome
(146) Excelsior Press.....	238 Eighth
(101) Francis-Valentine Co.....	777 Mission
(203) *Franklin Linotype Co.....	509 Sansome
(75) Gilles Co.....	818 Mission
(17) Golden State Printing Co.....	42 Second
(190) Griffith, E. B.....	545 Valencia
(5) Guedet Printing Co.....	344 Kearny
(27) Hall-Kohnke Co.....	565 Mission
(127) *Halle, R. H.....	261 Bush
(20) Hancock Bros.....	47-49 Jessie
(158) Hansen Printing Co.....	259 Natoma
(60) *Hinton, W. M.....	641 Stevenson
(150) *International Printing Co.....	330 Jackson
(168) *Lanson & Lauray.....	534 Jackson
(227) Lasky, I.....	1203 Fillmore
(108) Levison Printing Co.....	1540 California
(84) Liberty Press.....	25 Fremont
(45) Liss, H. C.....	2305 Mariposa
(135) Lynch, J. C.....	3390 Eighteenth
(28) *Majestic Press.....	315 Hayes
(37) Marshall, J. C.....	485 Pine
(95) *Martin Linotype Co.....	215 Leidesdorff
(68) Mitchell & Goodman.....	363 Clay
(206) *Moir Printing Company.....	440 Sansome
(48) Monarch Printing Co.....	1216 Mission
(24) Morris & Sheridan Co.....	343 Front
(80) McLean, A. A.....	218 Ellis
(91) McNicoll, John R.....	215 Leidesdorff
(208) *Neubarth & Co., J. J.....	25 Jessie
(32) *Norton, R. H.....	5716 Geary
(104) Owl Printing Co.....	565 Commercial
(81) *Pernau Publishing Co.....	753 Market
(88) *Polyglot Printing Co.....	118 Columbus Ave.
(143) Progress Printing Co.....	516 Mission
(34) Reuter Bros.....	513 Valencia
(64) Richmond Banner, The.....	320 Sixth Ave.
(61) *Rincon Pub. Co.....	643 Stevenson
(26) Roesch Co., Louis.....	Fifteenth and Mission
(66) Roycroft Press.....	461 Bush
(83) Samuel Printing Co.....	16 Larkin
(145) tS. F. Newspaper Union.....	818 Mission
(58) Severance-Roche Co.....	1733 Mission
(6) Shannon-Conny Printing Co.....	509 Sansome
(15) Simplex System Co.....	136 Pine
(125) *Shanley Co., The.....	147-151 Minna
(29) Standard Printing Co.....	324 Clay
(63) *Telegraph Press.....	69 Turk
(49) Stockwitz Printing Co.....	1212 Turk
(187) *Town Talk Press.....	88 First
(52) Turner & Dahnken.....	942 Market
(177) United Presbyterian Press.....	1074 Guerrero
(138) Wagner Printing Co.....	1105 Mission
(35) Wale Printing Co.....	883 Market
(36) West End Press.....	2436 California
(43) Western Printing Co.....	82 Second
(51) Widup, Ernest F.....	1133 Mission
(106) Wilcox & Co.....	320 First
(44) *Williams Printing Co.....	350 Sansome
(76) Wobbers, Inc.....	774 Market
(112) Wolff, Louis A.....	64 Elgin Park
(38) *West Coast Publishing Co.....	30 Sharon

**BOOKBINDERS AND PAPER RULERS.**

(128) Barry, Edward & Co.....	215 Leidesdorff
(205) Bowman & Plimley.....	343 Front
(191) Caldwell, Geo. P. & Co.....	442 Sansome
(224) Foster & Futernick Company.....	560 Mission
(231) Houle, A. L. Bindery Co.....	509 Sansome
(221) Ingrisch, Louis L.....	340 Sansome
(108) Levison Printing Co.....	1540 California
(131) Malloye, Frank & Co.....	251-253 Bush
(130) McIntyre, John B.....	440 Sansome
(81) Pernau Publishing Co.....	751 Market
(200) Slater, John A.....	147-151 Minna
(195) Stumm, E. C.....	675 Stevenson
(168) Thümmler & Rutherford.....	117 Grant Ave.

**CARTON AND LABEL MANUFACTURERS.**

(161) Occidental Supply Co.....	580 Howard
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**GOLD STAMPERS AND EMBOSSERS.**

(3) Brunt, Walter N..... 880 Mission

**LITHOGRAPHERS.**

(234) Galloway Lithographing Co., Inc., The..... 509-515 Howard  
(26) Roesch Co., Louis..... Fifteenth and Mission

**MAILERS.**

(219) Rightway Mailing Agency..... 880 Mission

**NEWSPAPERS.**

(126) Ashbury Heights Advance..... 1672 Haight  
(139) \*Bien, S. F. Danish-Norwegian..... 340 Sansome  
(121) \*California Democrat, Cor. Annie and Jessie  
(123) \*L'Italia Daily News..... 118 Columbus Ave.  
(41) Coast Seamen's Journal..... 59 Clay  
(25) \*Daily News..... 340 Ninth  
(94) \*Journal of Commerce, Cor. Annie and Jessie  
(21) Labor Clarion..... 16th and Capp  
(141) \*Le Voce del Popolo..... 641 Stevenson  
(57) \*Leader, The..... 643 Stevenson  
(39) \*Mission Enterprise..... 3358 Twenty-second  
(144) Organized Labor..... 1122 Mission  
(156) Pacific Coast Merchant..... 423 Sacramento  
(61) \*Recorder, The..... 643 Stevenson  
(32) \*Richmond Record, The..... 5716 Geary  
(7) \*Star, The..... 1122-1124 Mission  
(38) \*Vestkusten, Swedish..... 30 Sharon

**PRESSWORK.**

(134) Independent Press Room..... 348A Sansome  
(103) Lyons, J. F..... 330 Jackson  
(122) Periodical Press Room..... 509 Sansome

**RUBBER STAMPS.**

(83) Samuel Printing Co..... 16 Larkin

**BADGES AND BUTTONS.**

(3) Brunt, Walter N..... 880 Mission

**TICKET PRINTERS.**

(20) Hancock Bros..... 47-49 Jessie

**PHOTO-ENGRAVERS.**

(197) Acme Photo-Engraving Co..... 259 Minna  
(201) Bingley, Photo-Engraving Co..... 573 Mission  
(97) Commercial Art Eng. Co..... 53 Third  
(204) Commercial Photo & Engraving Co..... 563 Clay  
(202) Congdon, Harry R..... 311 Battery  
(198) S. F. Photo-Engraving Co..... 215 Leidesdorff  
(209) Salter Bros..... 118 Columbus Ave.  
(199) Sierra Art and Engraving..... 343 Front  
(207) Western Process Engraving Co..... 76 Second

**STEREOTYPER AND ELECTROTYPER.**

(212) Hoffschneider Bros..... 140 Second

**We Don't Patronize List.**

The concerns named below are on the "We Don't Patronize" list of the San Francisco Labor Council. Members of labor unions and sympathizers are requested to cut this out and post it.

American Tobacco Company.

Cahn, Nickelsburg & Co., boots and shoes.

Gordon & Bennett, Grove street.

Gunst, M. A., cigar stores.

Jellison's Cafe, 10 Third.

Kaiser, Fred, grocery store, 400 Clement.

Levi Strauss & Co., garment makers.

Liberty Theatre, Broadway and Stockton.

National Biscuit Co. of Chicago, products.

Pacific Box Factory.

Pacific Oil & Lead Works, 155 Townsend.

Pittsburg-Des Moines Steel Company.

Regent Theatre, Fillmore and Sacramento.

Rosenblum & Abrahams, tailors, 1105 Market

Schmidt Lithograph Co.

St. Francis Theatre, Geary, near Powell.

United Cigar Stores.

Washington Square Theatre, 1741 Powell.

White Lunch Cafeteria.

H. Wissman, Twenty-fourth avenue and Clement street, grocer.

Wyatt & Son, 1256 McAllister.

**Typographical Topics**

All members of the union, at least all who can do so, will undoubtedly be at Native Sons' Hall, 430 Mason street, next Tuesday evening to join with the members of the Union Printers' Mutual Aid Society in celebrating the thirty-first anniversary of the formation of that organization. Besides the printers, there will also be a large sprinkling of members of other unions connected with the allied printing trades. Many of the employing printers have also signified their intention of joining in the festivities. Mayor and Mrs. James Rolph, Jr., will lead the grand march. All arrangements for the affair have been completed. Imbued with the success of last year's pleasant affair, the committee in charge has left nothing undone to make the coming event the most pleasant of any yet held by the society. A very interesting program of literary and musical numbers has been arranged. Professional talent from several of the leading theatres has been secured and some of the best amateur entertainers from this city and Oakland have also volunteered their services. Of the amateurs who are to take part, George Oman, a member of the union, with his wife and three children are to take a conspicuous part. They are to appear in banjo selections, and if some of his fellow employees are to be taken as criterions they will make a decided hit. Mrs. Alice J. Cotter, wife of another member of the union, will sing the "Star-Spangled Banner" and other patriotic selections, and Denis Sheerin, who made such a favorable impression at last year's affair, will render some of the latest army and navy songs. Miss Lillian Keys, who is under contract with the Metropolitan Opera Company for next year, will give an exhibition of fancy toe dancing. Miss Keys will interpret three dances, "The Egyptian Slave," "Miss Simplicity of 1776" and "Over There." William O. A. Townsell, Jr., will give selections on the violin. There are also to be moving pictures of patriotic scenes that have been arranged especially to interest members of the union. A well-known "Jazz" band has been engaged and plenty of music is promised those who enjoy dancing. Admission is only 50 cents, with ladies free. Harry Darr is chairman and George E. Mitchell secretary of the arrangements committee. W. Lyle Slocum is at the head of the entertainment committee and W. O. A. Townsell, Jr., will be floor manager. Chairmen of other committees are: Eugene Donovan, refreshments; Albert Springer, decorations; George A. Tracy, printing, and Peter J. Cotter, publicity.

By inadvertence, the names of candidates for the executive committee were omitted from this column last week. The candidates are (three to be elected): A. E. Bellamy, J. Faunt Leroy, Benjamin Schonhoff, Jesse F. Newman, Harry Smith.

Carroll B. Crawford and Louis Nordhausen, who would have been candidates for delegate to the Scranton convention had the union decided to send its full quota, have withdrawn from the race. Both gentlemen announce themselves as prospective candidates for the convention of 1919.

Albert Springer of the Progress Printing Company is enjoying a week's vacation at Santa Cruz.

Daniel J. Keefe, for twenty-seven years connected with the chapel of the H. S. Crocker Company, died at his home in Oakland on Sunday, May 5, 1918. Funeral services were held at his late residence, 23 Randwick avenue, on Tuesday afternoon, May 7th, and incineration was at Oakland crematory. Deceased left a widow, Mrs. Mary V. Keefe, and four children. Mr. Keefe was born in Ireland on May 27, 1849, being a few days less than 69 years of age at time of death. He had lived in California forty-nine

## Directory of Labor Council Unions

Labor Council meets every Friday at 8 p. m. at Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets. Secretary's office and headquarters, San Francisco Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets. Executive and Arbitration Committee meets at headquarters every Monday at 7:30 p. m. Organizing Committee meets at headquarters on second Thursdays at 7:30 p. m. Law and Legislation Committee meets at call of chairman. Label Section meets first and third Wednesdays at 8 p. m. Headquarters phone—Market 56.

Alaska Fishermen—Meet Fridays, 49 Clay  
Asphalt Workers—Meet 3d Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Amalgamated Carpenters No. 1—Meet alternate Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Amalgamated Carpenters No. 2—Meet alternate Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Amalgamated Carpenters No. 3—Meet alternate Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Amalgamated Carpenters No. 5—Meet alternate Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Auto Bus Operators' Union No. 399—Meets every Thursday, 9 p. m., 84 East, R. H. Buck, Business Agent.  
Automobile and Carriage Painters No. 1072—Meet Thursday evenings, Building Trades Temple.  
Baggage Messengers—Meet 2d Mondays, 146 Steuart.  
Bakers (Cracker) No. 125—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Bakers' Auxiliary (Cracker)—Meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 1524 Powell.  
Bakers No. 24—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Bakers No. 134—Victor Jallen, secretary, 2803 Geary.  
Baker Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Barbers—Meet first and 3d Mondays, 112 Valencia.  
Bartenders No. 41—Meet 1st Mondays at 2:30; other Mondays in evening at 1065 Market.  
Bay and River Steamboatmen—Meet Sundays, headquarters, 10 East Henry Huntsman, Secretary.  
Beer Drivers No. 227—Meet 2d Tuesdays and 4th Thursdays, headquarters, 177 Capp.  
Beer Bottlers No. 293—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, at headquarters, 177 Capp.  
Bill Posters—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Fifteenth and Mission.  
Blacksmiths and Helpers No. 188—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Boiler Makers No. 6—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Book Binders No. 31—Meet last Fridays, Labor Temple, James D. Kelly, Business Agent, Underwood Building, 525 Market.  
Boot and Shoe Workers No. 216—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Shoe Workers' Hall, Twenty-fourth and Howard.  
Bottle Caners—Meet 1st Fridays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Box Makers and Sawyers—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 177 Capp.  
Brass and Chandelier Workers No. 158—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Brewery Workmen No. 7—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays at headquarters, 177 Capp.  
Bricklayers No. 7—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Bridge and Structural Iron Workers No. 31—Meet Mondays, 224 Guerrero.  
Broom Makers—Meet 3d Tuesday.  
Butchers No. 115—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Butchers No. 508 (Slaughterhousemen)—Meet every Tuesday, Laurel Hall, Seventh and R. R. Avenue.  
Carpenters No. 22—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Carpenters No. 304—Meet Mondays, Carpenters' Hall, 112 Valencia.  
Carpenters No. 483—Meet Mondays, 112 Valencia.  
Carpenters No. 1082—Meet Tuesdays, 112 Valencia.  
Carpenters No. 1640—Meet Thursdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Car Repairers and Trackmen No. 687—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple.  
Casting Cleaners—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Labor Temple.  
Cemetery Employees—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Cement Workers No. 1—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Chauffeurs No. 265, I. B. of T.—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays in evening, 2d and 4th Thursdays in afternoon, at 215 Willow Avenue, S. T. Dixon, Business Agent.  
Cigar Makers—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Cloth, Hat and Cap Makers No. 9—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 1245 Market.  
Composition Roofers No. 25—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Cooks' Helpers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays at headquarters, 338 Kearny.  
Cooks No. 44—Meet 2d and 4th Thursday nights; headquarters, 828 Mission.  
Coopers No. 65—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Electrical Workers No. 6—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Electrical Workers No. 92—Meet Wednesdays, 112 Valencia.  
Electrical Workers No. 151—Thursdays, 112 Valencia.  
Electrical Workers No. 537—Wednesdays, 146 Steuart.  
Elevator Operators and Starters No. 495—Meet 3d Monday, Eureka Hall, Building Trades Temple.  
Elevator Constructors No. 2—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Federation of Federal Civil Service Employees—Meet 1st Tuesday, Pacific Building; headquarters 742 Pacific Building.  
Foundry Employees—Meet Fridays, 58 Clay.  
Furniture Handlers No. 1—Meet 2d and 4th Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Garment Cutters—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Garment Workers No. 131—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Gas Appliance and Stove Fitters—Meet 2d and 4th Fridays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. J. Hammerschlag, Secretary.  
Gas and Electric Fixture Hangers No. 404—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Gas Workers—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Glass Bottle Blowers—Meet 2d and 4th Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Glass Packers—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple.  
Glove Workers—Meet 3d Friday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Glass Packers, Branch No. 45—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple,

Granite Cutters—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple, Grocery Clerks—Meet 1st Thursdays; headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; hours, 10 to 11 a. m.  
Hatters' Union—J. Grace, Secretary; 1114 Mission.  
Hoisting Engineers No. 59—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Horseshoers—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Housesmiths and Iron Workers No. 78—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
House Movers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Ice Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Iron, Tin and Steel Workers No. 5—Meet 1st and 2d Saturdays, Metropolitan Hall, South San Francisco.  
Janitors—Meet 1st Thursdays, 8 p. m., Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Ladies' Garment Workers No. 8—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, 1256 Market.  
Laundry Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Letter Carriers—Meet first Saturday, Los Angeles Hall, Native Sons Building.  
Machinists' Auxiliary, Golden West Lodge No. 1—Meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Machinists No. 68—Meet Wednesdays; headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Mailers—Meet 4th Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Mantel, Grate and Tile Setters—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Marble Workers No. 44—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Marble Cutters No. 38—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Marine Firemen, Oilers and Water Tenders—Meet Tuesdays, 58 Commercial.  
Marine Gasoline Engineers No. 471—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays.  
Metal Polishers—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Milk Wagon Drivers—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Millmen No. 422—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Millwrights No. 786—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Molders' Auxiliary—Meets 1st and 3d Fridays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Molders No. 164—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. Headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Mold Makers No. 66—Meet 1st Thursday, Roesch Building.  
Moving Picture Operators, Local No. 162—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, 10 a. m., at headquarters, Musicians' Hall, 68 Haight.  
Musicians—Headquarters, 68 Haight.  
Office Employees—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Painters No. 19—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Pattern Makers—Meet 2d and 4th Friday nights at headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Pavers No. 18—Meet 1st Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Photo Engravers No. 8—Meet 1st Sundays at 12 M., in Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Pile Drivers, Bridge and Structural Iron Workers—Meet Thursdays, headquarters, 457 Bryant.  
Plasterers No. 66—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.  
Plumbers No. 442—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Postoffice Clerks—Meet 4th Thursdays, Knights of Columbus Hall.  
Press Feeders and Assistants—Meet 2d Thursday, Labor Temple; headquarters, 628 Montgomery, Room 229.  
Printing Pressmen No. 24—Meet 2d Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Rammermen—Meet 2d Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Retail Clerks No. 432—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesday, 8 p. m., Retail Clerks' Club, 32 Turk.  
Retail Delivery Drivers—Meet at headquarters, 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Retail Shoe Clerks No. 410—Meet Tuesdays, 8 p. m., Retail Clerks' Club, 32 Turk.  
Riggers and Stevedores—Meet Mondays, 74 Folsom.  
Sailors' Union of the Pacific—Meet Mondays, Maritime Hall Building, 59 Clay.  
Sheet Makers—Meet at Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Sheet Metal Workers No. 95—Meet 2d Thursdays, 224 Guerrero.  
Sheet Metal Workers No. 104—Meet Fridays, 224 Guerrero.  
Shipyard Laborers—Meet Fridays, Labor Temple.  
Sign and Pictorial Painters No. 510—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.  
Stable and Garage Employees—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Stage Employees—68 Haight.  
Stationary Firemen—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Steam Engineers No. 64—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Steam Fitters and Helpers No. 590—Meet 1st and 3d Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Steam Fitters No. 509—Meet Tuesday evenings, 224 Guerrero.  
Steam Laundry Workers—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; headquarters, Labor Temple.  
Steam Shovelmen Dist. No. 4—Meet Wednesdays, 215 Hewes Building.  
Stereotypers and Electrotypers—Meet 2d Sunday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Street Railway Employees, Div. 518—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.  
Sugar Workers—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Switchmen's Union No. 197—Meets 1st and 3d Sundays, 2876 Twenty-fourth.  
Tahors (Journeymen) No. 2—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Tailors No. 80—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, 240 Golden Gate Avenue.  
Teamsters—Meet Thursdays; headquarters, 535 Bryant.  
Teamsters No. 216—Meet Saturdays, Building Trades Temple.  
Theatrical Employees—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 11 a. m., 68 Haight.  
Tobacco Workers—Meet 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple. Miss M. Kerrigan, Secretary, 290 Fremont.  
Typographical No. 41—Meets 1st Sunday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; headquarters, Room 701, Underwood Bldg., 525 Market.  
Undertakers—Meet on call, 3567 Seventeenth.  
United Glass Workers—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
United Laborers of S. F.—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple.  
United Leather Workers—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.  
United Trunk, Bag and Suitcase Workers—Tiv. Hall, Albion Ave.  
Upholsterers—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Waiters No. 30—Meet 1st Wednesday, 8:30 p. m.; other Wednesdays 2:30 p. m., at headquarters, 828 Mission.  
Waitresses No. 48—Meet Wednesdays, 1095 Market.  
Warehouse and Cereal Workers—Meet Tuesdays, 457 Bryant.  
Watchmen No. 15,689—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, 3 p. m., Labor Temple. O. S. Curry, secretary, 1437 Polk.  
Water Workers—Labor Temple.  
Web Pressmen—Meet 4th Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Ladies' Auxiliary to Label Section—Meets 2d and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.  
Anti-Jap Laundry League—812-14 Angle Bldg., Sixteenth and Mission.

years. A large concourse of friends and relatives were in attendance at the services and the floral offerings were most beautiful and abundant. Pall bearers included representatives from the H. S. Crocker Company and from the chapel. Mr. Keefe had been in poor health for more than three years and had been confined to his home for more than a year. He succumbed to Bright's disease.

Harry Tilley, a member of the "Chronicle" chapel, died Wednesday morning, May 8, 1918, after suffering a severe hemorrhage. Funeral services were held today (Friday, May 10th), from Truman's undertaking parlors, 1919 Mission street, being conducted jointly by San Francisco Typographical Union and the Union Printers' Mutual Aid Society, the Rev. W. E. Dugan officiating. Incineration was at Cypress Lawn Cemetery. Mr. Tilley had not been in good health for some time, but his sudden death was entirely unexpected. He had gone to the Affiliated Colleges Hospital for treatment on last Monday. He secured permission to visit his home Tuesday afternoon and returned to the hospital that evening, expecting to remain only a few days. He died during the night. Harry Tilley was among the most active and respected members, both of the union and the Union Printers' Mutual Aid Society, having served both organizations in official capacities. He was 46 years of age, born in San Francisco, and leaves a widow, Mrs. Hattie Tilley, and several brothers and sisters.

### ESCORT BODY OF OFFICIAL.

Headed by the Union Iron Works band and more than one thousand shipbuilders, the funeral of Harry Coleman, former corresponding secretary of Boilermakers' Union No. 6 in this city, was held Wednesday. The remains were sent to Fresno for interment.

Coleman was injured at the Union Iron Works two weeks ago. He is survived by a widow and ten-year-old daughter. He was employed as foreman of the plate hangers at the big shipbuilding plant and took a leading part in the third Liberty Loan campaign among trades unionists.

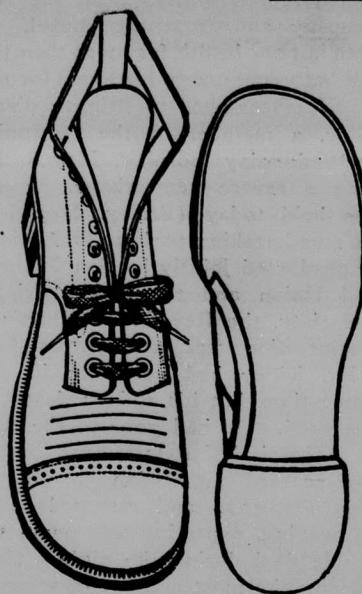
Because of his kindness, Coleman was one of the most popular foremen of the Union Iron Works plant in San Francisco. He had occupied a prominent position in the labor movement for many years.

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## Business?

If you do, put the UNION LABEL on your products.

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# **Foot-Shape Comfort Shoes for Men**

Made on NATURE SHAPED Lasts—"They're so easy on the foot that you forget you have them on until it's time to take them off."

HERE ARE THE SHOES YOU DON'T HAVE TO BREAK IN—AS ILLUSTRATED—

BLACK VICI KID—Blucher Lace Shoes  
BROWN RUSSIA CALF—Blucher Lace Shoes  
DULL GUN CALF—Blucher Lace Shoes

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GREEN  
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#### LOCAL TELEGRAPHERS ORGANIZE.

Liberty Council No. 77, San Francisco District, Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America, last Sunday afternoon perfected a permanent organization and elected officers for the ensuing year at a meeting held in the Assembly Hall of the Phelan building. G. E. Secour was elected president, and Archie Rainey was named vice-president. Secour was also elected delegate to the Labor Council.

The telegraphers were addressed by M. J. McGuire of the Boilermakers' Union and T. T. Cull, general chairman of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers.

#### CONVENTION OF MUSICIANS.

The convention of the American Federation of Musicians will be held in Chicago during the week commencing Monday, May 13th. Musicians' Union No. 6 of San Francisco will be represented by three delegates, namely, Walter A. Weber, Albert A. Greenbaum and August L. Fourtner, who are respectively president, secretary and attorney of the organization. Important legislation affecting the welfare of the membership will be introduced and passed on by the convention.

#### ELECTRICAL WORKERS WANT RAISE.

The Pacific District Council of Electrical Workers has served notice that wage scales and working agreements will terminate on June 3rd. Conferences to negotiate a new agreement will be held at once. A general increase of \$1 per day is requested. The demand is made upon all light and power corporations of the district.

#### ECONOMIC LAUNDRY BOYCOTTED.

San Francisco Labor Council will be asked this evening to officially sanction a boycott on the Economic Laundry, 51 Clara street. A good many customers have already withdrawn their patronage from the establishment.

#### PICNIC AT NEPTUNE BEACH.

All arrangements for the picnic of Butchers' Union No. 115, at Neptune Beach, Alameda, Sunday, May 12th, have been completed. There will be swimming, racing and sports of all kinds.

#### FROM MORTIMER IN CHICAGO.

In a letter from M. Mortimer, former delegate to San Francisco Labor Council from the local Cigarmakers' Union, we gather that the "drys" as yet have failed to do the awful thing they threatened to do to Chicago, making it the "angel city" of the country. He says "they got the soulsaver, Billy, the Mutt, otherwise known as Sunday, and he is raving yet, for Chicago is as wet as the lake on which it borders. Several things did happen, among which the removal from the dry petition of 50,000 or more fictitious signatures and the indictment of about eight people, with good prospects of sending them to Joliet. Now the "honest to goodness" people are hollering that the commission that passed on the petition was bought up by the brewers. But the fact is that the "Dry Federation" had their own watchers to examine each name. The judge conducting the investigation is known as one of the fairest judges in the city. Billy is so mad that he is predicting that something will happen to Chicago for not allowing the "bunk" petition to go on the ballot. As for myself, I was campaigning for the wets for the last few weeks. We lost several good towns. I heard William J. Bryan in Aurora speaking for the drys. The town went wet by a large majority. Brother Mortimer sends best regards to his friends in San Francisco.

#### FOR THE RIGHT TO ORGANIZE.

Basing his appeal upon the following principle or policy of the National War Labor Board, to-wit: "the right of workers to organize shall not be denied, abridged or interfered with by employers in any manner whatsoever," G. E. Secour, representing the Commercial Telegraphers' Union of America, addressed the San Francisco Labor Council last Friday evening to enlist the Council's moral support in the fight of his organization against the Western Union and the Postal Telegraph companies. Mr. Secour stated that since the unsuccessful strike of the telegraphers in 1907, these companies have discharged every telegrapher suspected of being a member of or in sympathy with his organization. The Council instructed the Secretary to send telegrams to President Wilson, the National War Labor Board and Secretary of Labor, urging enforcement upon the companies of the Government's policy in regard to the right to belong to a labor union.

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Is as essential to a man or a woman as

## Good Eyesight Is

and we can supply both accurate timekeepers with Our Guarantee and Fair Prices, without the Fancy Profits, and with

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That Will Fit You and Restore Your Youthful Vision.

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WATCHMAKERS  
DIAMOND MERCHANTS

895 MARKET STREET Near Fifth

#### FERRY LOOP PERMIT.

The State Harbor Commissioners have granted the Municipal Railway the permission to operate the "J" and "K" cars over the outer loop at the ferry. The loop is to accommodate forty additional cars per hour. A cross over from the inner to the outer tracks will also be built.